

# FACULTY OF PUBLIC GOVERNANCE AND INTERNATIONAL STUDIES DOCTORAL SCHOOL OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION SCIENCES

#### **COURSE TEMPLATE**

Name of the subject: Legal	Code: KDI35	Credits: 5
science (Jurisprudence)		

Hours:18/10

Assessment: 1-5, quality of competences required, preparing papers, discussion and presentation.

# Course description:

- 1. Characteristics and branches of jurisprudence.
- 2. The place, role and benefits of jurisprudence
- 3. Definition of law in jurisprudence
- 4. Concept, nature and theories of legal doctrine.
- 5. Concept and classification of sources of law in jurisprudence.
- 6.Interpretation of law. Theoretical thematisation of the validity and effectiveness of law.
- 7. Theories of law, schools of legal theory. Natural law. Legal positivism.
- 8. Social theories of law. German, English, American theories of law.
- 9. Economic theory of law.
- 10. Relationship between political science and jurisprudence
- 11. Public legal science and private legal science and their influence on each other

# Competence: She/He

- will be able to acquire a comprehensive knowledge of the branches of jurisprudence, the concept of law and the foundations of legal doctrine, as well as the systematisation of legal sources.
- The course will enable them to evaluate different legal theories and approaches and to understand their social and economic implications.
- will be able to understand the different schools of legal theory.

 will learn the basis of public legal science and private legal science and their influence on each other, legal interpretation, legal theory of the validity and effectiveness of legal norms.

#### Course materials:

### Compulsory literature:

Sean Coyle and George Pavlakos (eds.): Jurisprudence or Legal Science? - A Debate about the Nature of Legal Theory. Hart Publishing, OXFORD AND PORTLAND, OREGON, 2005.

https://www.academia.edu/6105881/Jurisprudence Or Legal

Enrico Pattaro (ed.): A Treatise of Legal Philosophy and General Jurisprudence. Volume 1:The Law and The Right, Volume 2: Foundations of Law, Volume 3: Legal Institutions and the Sources of Law, Volume 4: Scienta Juris, Legal Doctrine as Knowledge of Law and as a Source of Law, Volume 5: Legal Reasoning, A Cognitive Approach to the Law. Springer, Dordrecht, 2005.

Béla Pokol: The Concept of Law. The Multi-Layered Legal System. Rejtjel Edition Budapest 2001. <a href="https://www.ssoar.info/ssoar/handle/document/6734">https://www.ssoar.info/ssoar/handle/document/6734</a>

#### Recommended literature:

Aleksander Peczenik (ed.): IVR Encyclopaedia of Jurisprudence, Legal Theory and Philosophy of Law. <a href="http://ivr-enc.info/">http://ivr-enc.info/</a>

Encyclopedia of the Philosophy of Law and Social Philosophy. International Association for Philosophy of Law and Social Philosophy. Springer, 2023

VARGA Cs. (Budapest) Legal science in a comparative perspective. Philosophical and methodological challenges of the 21st century. In: держави і права ім. В.М. Корецького НАН України Київський національний університет імені Тараса Шевченка Українська асоціація порівняльного правознавства ПОРІВНЯЛЬНЕ ПРАВОЗНАВСТВО: досвід і проблеми викладання Збірник наукових праць і навчально-методичних матеріалів. Київ pp. 41-62.

William Twining: General Jurisprudence. University of Miami International & Comparative Law Quarterly, vol. 15., no. 1. (2007) 2–60.

Lecturer: András TÉGLÁSI PhD, associate professor

Date: 19 May, 2025.

Dr. András Téglási signature